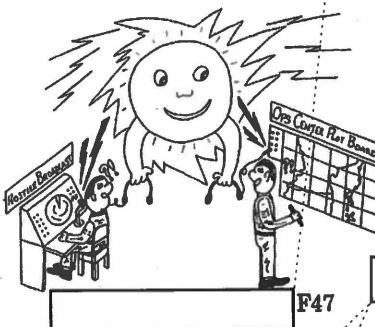


CHORD CHOKE

A CASE OF FORENSIC SIGINT (u)



EO 3.3b(3) PL 86-36/50 USC 3605

(U) SUNSPOTS???

(Pewse While I knew that our colleagues would find our explanation of what had just happened hard to believe, the reaction was even stronger than I had anticipated. But the first explanation of the event had been just too simple to be correct. On top of that, it didn't square with the target's mode of operation. There had to be another answer, and it had to be atmospheric in origin.

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EO 3.3b(3) PL 86-36/50 USC 3605	Shore.	EO 3.3b(3) EO 3.3b(6) PL 86-36/50 USC 3605
(U) As luck would have it, Murphy's Law was operative on that day. A US field station in the vicinity issued the SPOT report marked (1) on the facing page. (U) Approximately one hour later, the same station issued the follow-up marked (2) on the facing page.	possibility. Sunspots? Oh, come or KNOWS that sunspots don't have reflect! Ridiculous! (BG)—A little research revealed the that atmospheric disturbance was would be putting it mildy, indeed, piece of evidence, mare ceived in a Weather looking, the sunspots of a major possible of the colorado. It was a report of a major possed at 02032 on the day in questiming was such that Mother Natifool the system, at least, initially.	PL 86-36/50 USC 3605 all Everyone an immediate following: following:
(C) This indicated to our analysts that the answer lay not in willful suppression of tracking, but inability to communicate. What was the cause, then? Jamming? That was not considered a	GE Still, our brothers and sisters of the intelligence community saw sinister in this than a mere sunspit the good old NSA Library turned a saved the day, providing a technic when no other would do. Here is a	something more ot. But, a trip to up a tome that al explanation

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resulting note we penned to one of our doubting "all-source" counterparts:

Ed.

Your question prompted me to do some more homework on solar flares. In the NSA library l found a book titled Solar Flares by Smith and Smith (McMillan, 1963).

Pages 242-250 describe the sudden ionospheric disturbances (SID) accompanying some solar flares and consequent short wave fadeout (SWF) alluded to in our report.

According to Smith and Smith, SID is noted "only in the illuminated hemisphere" and occurs simultaneously with the event. "This class of terrestrial response must therefore be due to short; wave electromagnetic radiation of the flare." (p. 242.)

"SWF are the most familiar and certainly the most economically significant ionospheric flare effects ... Fadeaut may become complete in as short a time as one minute, and can endure from a few minutes to several hours." (p. 243.)

"An ipnospheric disturbance characteristically begins about 7 minutes after the flare commences, but this time is always during the flare's rise to maximum." (p. 244.)

"We mentioned earlier the observed time delay between maxium phases of flare and SID [7 minutes]. Some authors have pointed out that the dday can be interpreted simply in terms of the normal response of ionsopheric layers to an impulsive rise in the flux of ionizing radiation. Thus there is no need to assume that in the rising stage of a flare, there is time sparation between its visible and its ionizing radiations." (p. 249.)

The above notwithstanding, there are many who still doubt the sunspot explanation of the events of that day.

In any case, as I pointed out in my August 1983 CRYPTOLOG article, "The Case of the Towled Up' Critic," when the target is a military one, it is necessary to be aware of environmental factors that might affect the interpretation of SiGINT events.



CRYSCO-86

THIRD ANNUAL CONFERENCE

2-6 June at NSA

Sessions held in the Friedman Auditorium and in Conference Room 2W087

AUDITORIUM SESSIONS ARE OPEN to persons with green or orange badges

OTHER SESSIONS REQUIRE TICKETS
(distributed through your office)
a green or orange badge
and LACONIC access.

Topics for the conference room sessions include:

- · HYPERCAN hardware, present and future;
- · CRYSCOs in review;
- · Components of distributed processing:
- · Cryptanalysis on personal computers;
- · Life after IMP:
- ·Software exchange -- can it work?
- · Major applications packages;
- · Parallel computers and their applications;
- · Automatic processing packages;
- · Diarization packages:
- · Computer graphics for cryptanalysis;
- · CRYSCO-86 wrap-up.

Additional information can be obtained from the CRYSCOM Executive,
A531/P13, 963-3197s.
(FOUO)

PL 86-36/50 USC 3605