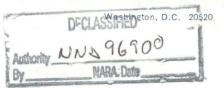
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DEPARTMENT OF STATE



NOV 25 1969

TO:

The Under Secretary

THROUGH:

S/S

FROM:

EUR - George S. Springsteen, Acting

SUBJECT:

Further Approach on Moscow Microwave Signal

(TUMS) -- ACTION MEMORANDUM

DISCUSSION

It seems evident that the Soviets will continue to deny the existence of any special beam of microwave radiation directed against the rear wall of our Chancery building in Moscow and that they will stand on the oral statement passed to Ambassador Beam on August 19 and discussed further with him on November 6. (Moscow telegrams 4343 and 6226, attached as TABS B and C.) The statement nevertheless proposed a joint investigation of the radiation.

In addition to considering what our next move vis-a-vis the Soviets should be, we should also take account of the possibility that the existence of the beam may become public knowledge and aired in the American press. This possibility arises because the existence of the signal has become known to some Embassy personnel now serving in Moscow or who have served tours there in the past. As you are aware, an employee who served in Moscow during the period 1960-62 filed a claim with the Bureau of Employees' Compensation, contending that the signal was responsible for the development of cancer by his wife. The employee's



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Reviewed by: Ambassador W. Wilman, II

NODIS REVIEW

Date: 19'

GROUP 1

Excluded from automatic downgrading and declassification.

SECRET - NODIS

wife died some months ago; and we understand that the claim, which was being processed on a classified basis, is not being pressed at the moment.

We see no way at this time of persuading the Soviets to terminate the signal. Our inability to determine the exact purpose of the beam and the absence of any conclusive evidence that the level of radiation has had harmful effects on Embassy personnel tend to weaken our case. Nevertheless, the uncertainties surrounding this issue dictate that we should not drop this matter entirely but let it be known that we reserve the right towraise the matter in the future, as circumstances may warrant.

Therefore, we propose that Ambassador Beam make a further approach to the Soviets to express our continuing concern over the directional beam and our regret that the Soviet authorities have not responded in a satisfactory manner to the facts of the radiation as presented to them. Ambassador Beam would further reserve the right to raise the issue again and note the ever-present possibility of publicity damaging to our relations.

We believe the foregoing alternative commends itself over others which we considered. For example, one option might be to drop the matter entirely and to make no further representations to the Soviets. We reject this option because we believe it important that the Soviets be informed that we reserve the right to renew representations and that their responses to date remain unsatisfactory. Another possibility considered was to pursue the dialogue by agreeing to a joint investigation. We concluded in this connection that we should not grant the Soviets access to our chancery with special instruments and that it would be a simple matter, in any event, for the Soviets to turn off the signal for the duration of any tests to which they agreed. Thirdly, thought was given to our initiating a publicity campaign with a view to pressuring the Soviets to discontinue the beam. By initiating publicity, however, we would stimulate a Soviet suspicion that we were deliberately exacerbating

relations over what the Soviets regard as a minor issue; we also doubt that publicity could change the Soviet position. Finally, we could escalate the representations to your level or that of the Secretary. This, we believe, is probably unwarranted as long as we are unable to demonstrate that a dangerous level of radiation is present.

In the past, other options were considered and rejected for reasons with which we still agree. These additional options were: (1) to install and activate equipment which would continuously jam the signal; (2) to advise the Soviets that unless the signal ceases, some other negotiations with them will be discontinued, such as the arrangements for the construction of new embassies here and in Moscow; and (3) to illuminate the Russian Embassy in Washington with a signal similar to the Moscow signal. (A memorandum addressed to the United States Intelligence Board discusses these options in detail—TAB D.)

Following Ambassador Beam's next approach, we would, of course, continue periodic monitoring of the signal to detect any unusual or heightened activity.

RECOMMENDATION

That you approve the attached cable (TAB A) to Ambassador Beam containing instructions for another approach to the Soviets as well as suggested contingency press guidance should existence of the Moscow signal suddenly become general knowledge and aired publicly.

Approve 12/V

SECRET - NODIS

SECRET - NODIS

Clearances:

O/SY - Mr. Gentile (in draft) TO PER/MED - Dr. Nydel (in draft) TO EUR - Mr. Swank

Attachments:

TAB A - Draft telegram to Moscow. (NODIS)

TAB B - Telegram from Moscow 4343 (NODIS).

TAB C - Telegram from Moscow 6226 (NODIS).

TAB D - Memorandum for the U.S. Intelligence ** Board (TOP SECRET).

SECRET - EXDIS

EUR:SOV:ADubs:erk 11/25/69 x 23738





SECRET Classification

Department of State

200910

2 DEC 69 22 36 Z

TELEGRAM

COLLECT

DISTRIBUTION

ACTION: Amembassy MOSCOW

STATE 200910

NODIS

FOR AMBASSADOR

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NODIS REVIEW

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with additional access

controlled by S/S
Cat. C - Caption and custody
retained by S/S

Reviewed by: Ambassador W. Witman, II

REFERENCES: Moscow's 4343; Moscow's 6226

1. It appears evident from Soviet oral statement of August 19 and your conversation of November 6 with Kornienko that Soviets will continue to deny existence of any special signal of microwave radiation directed against Embassy and that they will stand pat on various aspects of position that they have maintained in past. Soviets no doubt believe that they are in fairly good position as long as radiation level in vicinity of Embassy remains far below danger level recognized by U.S. Government.

2. After having considered various alternatives as to

EUR:SOV:ADubs:erk

11/25/69 23738

The Under Secretary

CL ARANCES

EUR - Mr. Swank

O/SY - Mr. Gentile (draft) PER/MED - Dr. Nydel (draft)

S/S - Mr. Brewster

SECHOT - NODIS

BEFORE THE TELEGRAM IS DELIVERED TO OC / T(A), Room 6243

Page 2 of telegram to MOSCOW

SECRET - NODIS

Classification

how we should proceed, we concluded that most prudent course to follow would be to reiterate once more that we reserve right to return to this question in future.

- 3. You should, therefore, call on Kornienko following his return from Helsinki and express to him our continuing concern over the harassment being carried on in form of the directional beam and note our regret that Soviet authorities have not responded in a satisfactory manner to facts of radiation as you had presented them to Ministry of Foreign Affairs. You should state that USG reserves right to raise this issue again and note ever-present possibility of publicity which could cause unnecessary complications and damage to our relations.
- 4. If Kornienko asks about proposal regarding joint investigation, you whom should note that investigation would make little sense as long as Soviets refuse to permit investigation of signal source, which we have clearly identified, during actual period of operation.

 (FYI. We do not, of course, wish to permit Soviet access to Embassy chancery with special instruments and equipment. END FYI.)
- 5. In event existence of signal becomes public knowledge and Embassy or & Department are queried about it, we propose, with your concurrence, to reply along following lines:

SECRET - NODIS

Page 3 of telegram to MOSCOW

SECRET - NODIS
Classification

Since mid-1950 Soviet authorities have indeed beamed microwave signal against rear wall of U.S. chancery building in Moscow. Full investigation of this signal was conducted FOXKEWINGX availabidity of appropriate equipment of or this appropriate use was especially concerned over possibility that microwave radiation could have harmful biomedical effects on Embassy personnel who served in exposed positions in our chancery. Investigations to date have not provided any conclusive evidence that the radiation level, which has remained below danger levels recognized by U.S., has proved harmful to American Embassy personnel. Nevertheless, this form of harassment has led the USG to make repeated protests to the Soviet Government. Soviet authorities have denied consistently that a special beam is directed against the Embassy and have maintained that investigations by the Soviets indicated that there was no radiated signal in the vicinity of the U.S. Embassy about which we need be concerned. The Soviet Government has also suggested in reply to our protests that signals which we were intercepting likely emanated from instruments in use in research laboratories or establishments in the area close to the Embassy. The Soviet Government further claims that any radiation in the vicinity of

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Page 4 of telegram to_	MOSCOW
	SECRET - NODIS Classification

the Embassy is only a tiny fraction of the danger levels established by the U.S. and well below Soviet standards.

(b) The USG continues to monitor this signal and has reserved the right to make further approaches to the Soviet Government on this matter should circumstances warrant.

GP-1

END

RICHARDSON



Classification

Department of State

DISTRIBUTION

ACTION: Amembassy MOSCOW

STATE

NODIS

FOR AMBASSADOR

REFERENCES: Moscow's 4343; Moscow's 6226

It appears evident from Soviet oral statement of August 19 and your conversation of November 6 with Kornienko that Soviets will continue to deny existence of any special signal of microwave radiation directed against Embassy and that they will stand pat on various. aspects of position that they have maintained in past. Soviets no doubt believe that they are in fairly good position as long as radiation level in vicinity of Embassy remains far below danger level recognized by U.S. Government.

2. After having considered various alternatives as to

EUR: SOV: ADubs: erk

11/25/69 23738 The Under Secretary

CLEARANCES:

EUR - Mr. Swanke O/SY - Mr. Gentile (draft)

PER/MED - Dr. Nydel (draft) - Mr. Springster

Brewster

CAMPANT ON THE OF

Department of State

TELEGRAM

Eun

SECRET:

Jat. C - Caption and custody retained by S/S

Reviewed by: Ambassador W. Witman, II

R 191512Z AUG 69
FM AMEMBASSY MOSCOW
TO SECSTATE WASHDC 3691
BT
S E C R E T MOSCOW 4343

NODIS

FOR THE UNDER SECRETARY

SUBJECT: TUMS

FOR THE UNDER SECRETARY

REF: MOSCO 2355, STATE 092764

NODIS REVIEW

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4 3 7 6 Q

1969 AUGUST 19 PM 1 28

1. CHIEF MFA AMERICAN DEPARTMENT (KORNIYENKO) ASKED ME TO CALL TODAY SINCE DEPUTY FOREIGN MINISTER KUZNETSOV STILL OUT OF TOWN. DLOSSON ACCOMPANIED ME.

Date:

2. REFERRING TO MY MEETING WITH GROMYKO ON MAY 26 ON TUMS, KORNIYENKO READ OP AL STATEMENT (TEST BELOW) WHICH HE SAID KUZENTSOV HAD WISHED TO GIVE ME. STATEMENT DENIES ANY SPECIAL BEAM IS DIRECTED AT EMBASSY; THAT, IN ANY CASE, RADIATION LEVEL SURROUNDING EMBASSY IS MUCH LOWER THAN SAFETY STANDARDS ACKNOWLEDGED IN WASHINGTON; AND AGAIN PROPOSES A JOINT INVESTIGATION, INCLUDING INSIDE THE EMBASSY.

3. I TOLD KORNIYENKO THAT OUR FINDINGS WERE DIFFERENT. I GAVE HIM DIAGRAM SHOWING HOW BEAM IS DIRECTED FROM NEARBY SOVIET APARTMENT AT THE OFFICE SECTION OF THE CHANCERY AND EXPLAINED THAT RADIO BEAM COVERS FROM THE THIRD TO THE TENTH FLOOR OF THE CHANCERY. I PASSED OVER HIS PROPOSAL FOR A JOINT INVESTIGATION, POINTING OUT WE WERE PRESENTING NEW SPECIFIC EVIDENCE.

4. KORNIYENKO AT FIRST TRIED TO DISMISS PATTERN OF BEAM AND THEN, RETURNING TO THEME THAT SOVIET SCIENTISTS MAINTAIN THERE IS NO DANGER FOR HUMANS, ASKED WHY WE WERE DISTRESSED. I REPLIED THAT THE BEAM IS A LOW-ENERGY HIGH FREQUNECY SIGNAL, AND WE CANNOT BE CERTAIN ABOUT ITS LONG-TERM EFFECTS. I POINTED OUT THAT SIMILAR ENERGY RAYS IN EXPERIMENTS ON ANIMALS HAD BROUGHT ABOUT PHYSIOLOGICAL CHANGES. I ALSO MENTIONED THAT A FORMER EMABSSY EMPLOYEE, WHOSE WIFE HAD RECENTLY DIED OF CNACER, WAS BRINGING SUIT ON THE GROUNDS THAT THE SOVIET SIGNAL HAD CAUSED HER ILLNESS. I REMINDED HIM THAT WE HAD TREATED THE EXISTENCE OF THE SOVIET RADIO BEAM IN STRICTEST CONFIDENCE BUT THAT WE COULD NOT GUARNTEE THERE WOULD BE NO PUBLICITLY BECAUSE OF NUMBER OF PERSONS RETURNING TO WASHINGTON WHO HAD KNOWLEDGE OF IT. KORIYENKO'S REJOINDER WAS SIMPLY THAT SOVIET MEDICAL SPECIALISTS HAD EXCLUDED ANY POSSIBILITY OF DANGER TO HUMANS.

5. I. CONCLUDED BY ASKING THAT HIS SPECIALISTS STUDY THE DIAGRAM OF THE SIGNAL THAT I HAD GIVEN HIM.

SECRET



- G. TEXT OF SOVIET ORAL STATEMENT IS AS FOLLOWS: BEGIN QUOTE IN CONNECTION WITH THE RAISING ONCE AGAIN BY YOU IN A CONVERSATION WITH MINISTER A. A. GROMYKO OF THE QUESTION CONCERNING ALLEGED IRRADIATION (OBLYCHENIE) OF THE BUILDING OF THE USA EMBASSY IN MOSCOW BY RADIO WAVES, A THOROUGH VERIFICATION WAS REPEATEDLY CONDUCTED, THE RESULTS OF WHICH CONFIRMED THAT NO SPECIALLY DIRECTED RADIO IRRADIATION OF THE EMBASSY BUILDING IS CARRIED ON.
- 7. THE PRESENCE OF A DEFINITE LEVEL OF RADIO IRRADIATION IN THE AREA OF THE EMBASSY IS EXPLAINED BY THE WORK OF RADIO ELECTRONIC APPARATUSES OF DIFFERENT INSTITUTES AND LABORATORIES, LOCATED NEAR THE EMBASSY. THIS LEVEL DOES NOT REPRESENT, HOWEVER, ANY DANGER TO THE HEALTH OF PEOPOLE. MOREOVER, IT IS MANY TIMES LESS THAN THOSE NORMS OF IRRADIATION BY RADIO WAVES, WHICH ARE ACKNOWLEDGED IN THE USA AS COMPLETELY SAFE.
- 8. INASMUCH AS THE EMBASSY HAS AGAIN RETURNED TO THIS QUESTION, WE RENEW OUR PROPOSAL THAT SOVIET AND AMERICANS JOINTLY CONDUCT MEASURE-MENTS OF THE LEVEL OF RADIO IRRADIATION IN THE IMMEDIATE VICINITY OF THE EMBASSY BUILDING AND ALSO INSIDE THE BUILDING. END QUOTE.
- 9. COMMENT. PUBLICITY ON TUMS WILL PROBABLY BREAK EVENTUALLY AND I DO NOT SEE HOW OR WHY WE SHOULD PROTECT SOVIETS IF IT COMES. THEIR OBVIOUS DEFENSE WILL BE THAT WE ARE DECLINING THEIR OFFER OF A JOINT INVESTIGATION, WHICH OF COURSE WOULD MAKE LITTLE SENSE BECAUSE THEY CAN EASILY ARRANGE THAT THERE WILL BE NOTHING TO INVESTIGATE. I DID NOT HOWEVER CATEGORICALLY REJECT THEIR PROPOSAL AND BY SUBMITTING NEW EVIDENCE, LEFT AND OPENING TO GO BACK TO THEM AGAIN. IF THAT FAILS, IT WILL BECOME A QUESTION OF COMPARATIVE CREDIBILITY, WITH OUR RECORD BEING THE MORE CONVINCING.
- 10. I CAN DISCUSS MATTER PRIVATELY WITH DOBRYNIN BEFOR HIS RETURN, AS WAS DONE IN THE PAST, AND SECRETARY MAY CONSIDER TAKING IT UP WITH GROMYKO IN NEW YOR(, AS SECRETARY RUSK DID IN 1967. IN MEANTIME WE SHOULD GO AHEAD WITH PREPARING THE RECORD. GP-3.

BEAM





Department of State

TELEGRAM

SECRET,

Control: 1269Q

Recd : 6 Nov 69

11:40 a.m.

R 061530Z NOV 69 FM AMEMBASSY MOSCOW TO SECSTATE WASHDC 4945 BT S E C R E T MOSCOW 6226

NODIS

SUBJECT: TUMS

REF: STATE 145635 AND MOSCOW 4343.

1. THIS AFTERNOON I ASKED KORNIYENKO WHETHER SOVIET EXPERTS HAD STUDIED OUR DIAGRAM OF DIRECTIONAL BEAM AND WHAT WERE THEIR CONCLUSIONS.

- 2. HE SAID SOVIET SPECIALISTS HAD MADE NEW INVESTIGATION WHICH REVEALED THAT NO ELECTRONIC BEAM WAS DIRECTED AGAINST EMBASSY AND THAT RADIATION LEVEL IN THE VICINITY WAS HARMLESS.
- 3. I SAID I WOULD REPORT HIS ANSWER. MATTER WAS MYSTERY IN VIEW OF FIMNESS OF EVIDENCE WE HAD AND I RESERVED RIGHT TO RETURN TO IT AGAIN.
- 4. I DID NOT GIVE KORNIYENKO A TIME CHART OF SIGNAL WHICH OUR EXPERTS HAD PREPARED SINCE SPORADIC NATURE OF EMISSIONS APPEARED TO ME LESS CONVINCING THAT DIRECTIONAL DIAGRAM. CHART WILL BE POUCHED WASHINGTON.

GP-4 BEAM BT

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Reviewed by: Ambascador W. Wilman, II

Date: 19



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